**Section 1: Case Summary**

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| **S****cenario Title:** | **Medical-Surgical Severe Sepsis**  |
| Keywords: | Sepsis, Severe Sepsis, Perforated Bowel, Deterioration |
| Brief Description of Case: | An inpatient admitted with bowel obstruction becomes severely septic, secondary to a perforated bowel. Unit staff should identify the change in status, call for help early, continuously monitor the patient, and carry out interventions until the MRP arrives and the patient is transferred to a higher level of care. |

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| **Goals and Objectives** |
| Educational Goal: | Practice management of a suddenly, severely septic patient |
| Objectives:(Medical and CRM) | * Identify and treat sudden patient deterioration
* Continuously monitor patient for changes in status
* Practice ordering and administering STAT medications
* Mobilize resources and call for help early
* Designate leadership, establish role clarity, and distribute the workload appropriately
* Communicate effectively using a succinct and concise SBAR, closed-loop communication, and a sharing a mental model
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| **Learners, Setting and Personnel** |
| Target Learners: | [x]  Junior Learners | [x]  Senior Learners | [x]  Staff |
| [x]  Physicians | [x]  Nurses | [ ]  RTs | [x]  Inter-professional |
| [ ]  Other Learners:  |
| Location: | [x]  Sim Lab | [x]  In Situ | [ ]  Other:  |
| Recommended Number of Facilitators: | Instructors: 1 |
| Confederates: 1 (play the part of patient’s voice; also physician if none present) |
| Sim Techs: 1 |

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| **Scenario Development** |
| Date of Development: | 2020.01 |
| Scenario Developer(s): | Adapted from Martin Kuuskne by Christina Choung |
| Affiliations/Institutions(s): | MK: McGill University; CC: Fraser Health |
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| Last Revision Date: |  |
| Revised By: |  |
| Version Number: |  |

**Section 2A: Initial Patient Information**

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| 1. **Patient Chart**
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| Patient Name: Gwen McDonald | Age: 70 | Gender: F | Weight: 75kg |
| Admitting diagnosis: Bowel Obstruction |
| Last set of Vital Signs |
| Temp: 37.2°C | HR: 90 | BP: 178/86 | RR: 18 | O2Sat: 97% | FiO2: RA |
| Cap glucose: 6.3 | GCS: 15 |
| History of presenting illness: Came to the ED this morning complaining of severe abdominal pain and vomiting. Returned from a 14 day cruise a few days ago and has not had any bowel movements during or after. Does not remember exactly when last BM was, as pattern is irregular and frequently experiences constipation. Has tried stool softeners with no results. Imaging done in ED reveals distal small bowel obstruction with gas dilation. Has had NG tube inserted and placed to intermittent suction and 2x enemas in the ED with little result.Handover: Neurologically intact. Continues to have abdominal pain but has not received analgesic as NPO and worry of further constipation secondary to narcotics. NG remains to intermittent suction; output ~150mL/h. Abdomen firm, but palpable. Since admission to the unit, has had a mineral oil enema and a high soap suds enema, with minimal result. Dimenhydrinate 25mg IV x1 has been given for nausea. Difficult to auscultated bowel sounds. BP high at 178/86 – unable to take PO meds – but no dizziness or headache present. One peripheral IV with fluids running D5 ½NS at 100mL/h. Other findings normal – warm and well-perfused, peripheral pulses palpable. Breath sounds and resp rate normal. Voiding per bathroom. In and out total so far is approximately (-)300mL.Surgery should be in to see patient shortly – was seen in the ED, with follow-up planned for some time this shift.The case begins with you answering Gwen’s call bell.**\*\*Acknowledge during pre-brief** that in real life, progression of illness would not happen quite as quickly. The speed of deterioration of the patient are for the purposes of the simulation, but how and why the patient is deteriorating are accurate.\*\* |
| Allergies: NKDA |
| Past Medical History: * Crohn’s disease (currently managed by diet)
* Hypertension
* Hernia repair, 5 years ago
 | Current Medications: * Ramipril 10mg PO daily (on hold)
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**Section 2B: Extra Patient Information**

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| **A. Further History** |
| *n/a* |
| **B. Physical Exam** |
| At start of case |
| Cardio: Hot, flushed, febrile at core; cap refill to feet ~4 seconds and slightly mottled | Neuro: Confused to time and place; tired. otherwise normal |
| Resp: Shallow, rapid, fine crackles to bases | Head & Neck: Normal |
| Abdo: Rigid | MSK/skin: Hot to touch at core; cool legs and feet with cap refill to feet ~4 seconds |
| Other: |

**Section 3: Technical Requirements/Room Vision**

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| **A. Patient** |
| [x]  Mannequin: Adult |
| [ ]  Standardized Patient |
| [ ]  Task Trainer |
| [ ]  Hybrid |
| **B. Special Equipment Required** |
| * 1 PIV in-situ
* Multiple O2 delivery modalities (NP, FM, NRB, etc.)
* 3x 1L Normal Saline, Ringer’s Lactate, or Plasmalyte
* Patient chart with section to write and process orders
* [Sepsis screening tool](http://fhpulse/clinical_resources/clinical_policy_office/Documents/2247/NUXX106713B_SepsisScreenTool_Combined.pdf)
* [Sepsis PPO](http://fhpulse/clinical_resources/clinical_policy_office/Documents/1951/DRDO106645B_SepsisHospitalOnset-EarlyInvestTxInptAdult_1.pdf)
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| **C. Required Medications** |
| * Vancomycin 2g IV
* Piptazo 3.375g IV
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| **D. Moulage** |
| n/a |
| **E. Monitors at Case Onset** |
| [ ]  Patient on monitor with vitals displayed[x]  Patient not yet on monitor (Big numbers/mimic vital signs machine) |
| **F. Patient Reactions and Exam** |
| *Neuro: eyes half open; confused to time and place**Resp: fine crackles bilaterally**CV: cap refill ~4-5 sec**GI: firm abdo* |

**Section 4: Confederates and Standardized Patients**

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| **Confederate and Standardized Patient Roles and Scripts** |
| Lab, XRay, ECG | Provide confederate/facilitator phone number for participants to call and request services |
| Physician, if none present | See Facilitator notes |
| Patient | See “Patient Status” |
| Code Blue Team | State that you are the code blue team and want to know what’s been happening to date |

**Section 5: Scenario Progression**

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| **Scenario States, Modifiers and Triggers** |
| Patient State/Vitals | Patient Status | Learner Actions, Modifiers & Triggers to Move to Next State  | Facilitator Notes |
| **1. Baseline State**Rhythm: STachHR: 120BP: 85/55RR: 22O2SAT: 94%T: 39.5oC GCS: 14 | \*Rang call bell as abdominal cramping increased and in lots of painNeuro: Confused to time and place; tired. otherwise normalResp: Shallow, rapid, fine crackles to basesCardio: Hot, flushed, febrile at core; cap refill to feet ~4 seconds and slightly mottledAbdo: Rigid, increased pain | Expected Learner Actions [ ]  Ask questions regarding increase in pain; perform targeted assessment[ ]  Move to brief head to toe assessment; take vital signs[ ]  Note change in patient status [ ]  VS[ ]  Confusion, crackles, abd rigidity, mottled[ ]  Call for help[ ]  Roles/tasks are announced and delegated[ ]  Closed-loop communication occurs[ ]  Call physician/MRP with update; concise SBAR[ ]  Repeat physician orders to group[ ]  Tasks delegated amongst group and carried out | Modifiers*n/a*Triggers-Move to next phase after physician orders reported back to group and tasks delegated and IV fluids being infused | -When participant goes to chat with patient, let them know they look flushed-If no physician participant possible, ask for:🡪 Fluid balance🡪 IV access – ask for 2 large bore IVs total🡪 2L NS IV bolus🡪 Blood cultures🡪 CBC, Lactate, Lytes🡪 Meropenem 500mg IV q6h and Vancomycin 2g IV daily STAT🡪 Abdo XRay STAT🡪 Sepsis PPO (can you read it to me over the phone and do anything extra I might have forgotten?) 🡪 Call back if further deterioration occurs; will be calling ICU (or PTN) in case escalation of care required |
| **2. Deterioration**🡪 HR to 140 over 20 seconds🡪 BP to 75/40 🡪SpO2 to 89% over 40 seconds | Neuro: feeling more tiredCardio: feeling dizzy | Expected Learner Actions [ ]  Patient re-assessed; VS taken [ ]  Supplemental O2 delivery started[ ]  Physician re-called with new SBAR[ ]  Tasks continue to be carried out | Modifiers-When supplemental O2 delivered: --If 3L or less: SpO2 ↑ to 94%--If 4-6L: ↑ 97%--If >6L: ↑ 100%Triggers- Proceed to next phase after all expected learner action complete | -If no physician participant possible, ask:🡪 What’s been done since last time called🡪 Can we give vasopressors on the unit? 🡪 Call a code if LOC changes at all |
| **3. PEA**🡪 BP: 0/0🡪 O2SAT: 0 (Rate and rhythm continue if on telemetry; if on low-tech VS monitor where HR monitored through sat probe, HR also drops to O) | Neuro: eyes closedResp: no effort | Expected Learner Actions [ ] Note change in status[ ] Re-assess patient; recognize loss of pulse; start CPR* 100-120 compressions/min
* 5-6cm deep; full recoil
* 30:2
* Use of oral airway and BVM with chest rise
* Switch compression provider q2min or when compressions ineffective, whichever comes first

[ ] Code Blue called[ ] Crash cart brought to bedside[ ] Documentation started[ ]  Closed-loop communication used; essential actions stated out loud and communicated to documenter with eye contact[ ]  Leader identified; maintains situational awareness[ ]  When Code Blue team arrives, concise and accurate handover given | Modifiersn/aTriggers- case ends after handover to Code Blue team | -Code Blue team to arrive 2 min after code called |

**Appendix A: Laboratory Results**

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| CBC WBC Hgb  PltLytes Na K Cl HCO3 AG Urea Cr GlucoseExtended Lytes Ca Mg PO4 Albumin TSHVBG pH pCO2 pO2 HCO3 Lactate | Cardiac/Coags Trop D-dimer INR aPTTBiliary AST ALT GGT ALP Bili LipaseTox EtOH ASA Tylenol Dig level OsmolsOther B-HCG |

**Appendix B: ECGs, X-rays, Ultrasounds and Pictures**

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| https://prod-images-static.radiopaedia.org/images/11381359/162fb46ddb2b9f97b0a8d5f1ee7272_jumbo.jpg<https://radiopaedia.org/cases/small-bowel-obstruction-15?lang=us> |

**Appendix C: Facilitator Cheat Sheet & Debriefing Tips**

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| *Include key errors to watch for and common challenges with the case. List issues expected to be part of the debriefing discussion. Supplemental information regarding any relevant pathophysiology, guidelines, or management information that may be reviewed during debriefing should be provided for facilitators to have as a reference.*  |

**References**

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